

## SM2 1.3: Polynomials

Put each polynomial in standard form. Identify the lead coefficient and name the polynomial by degree and number of terms.

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|---|---|
| 1) $-10x^2 - 5 + 8x$<br>SF: $-10x^2 + 8x - 5$<br>LC: $-10$<br>Quadratic Trinomial | 2) $-m$<br>SF: $-m$<br>LC: $-1$<br>Linear Monomial  |
| 3) $2 + 9x^2$<br>SF: $9x^2 + 2$<br>LC: $9$<br>Quadratic Binomial                  | 4) $6b + 3b^4 - 6b^6 + 10b^3$<br>SF: $-6b^6 + 3b^4 + 10b^3 + 6b$<br>LC: $-6$<br>Sixth Degree Polynomial |
| 5) $6$<br>SF: $6$<br>LC: $6$<br>Constant Monomial                                 |   |

Perform the indicated operation.

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|---|---|
| 6) $(-n^4 - 3) + (7n^4 + 5 + 4n^2)$<br>$6n^4 + 4n^2 + 2$        | 7) $5x(2x - 6)$<br>$10x^2 - 30x$  |
| 8) $6a^2(5a + 6)$<br>$30a^3 + 36a^2$                            | 9) $(-5n - n^4) - (8n^4 - 7n)$<br>$-9n^4 + 2n$                            |
| 10) $(6p + 5)(p - 6)$<br>$6p^2 - 31p - 30$                      | 11) $(4r^2 - 2r^3 + 5r) - (3r^2 - 2r - 5r^4)$<br>$5r^4 - 2r^3 + r^2 + 7r$ |
| 12) $(2b - 7)^2$<br>$4b^2 - 28b + 49$                           | 13) $(7x + 8)(8x^2 + 8x + 3)$<br>$56x^3 + 120x^2 + 85x + 24$              |
| 14) $(2x^4 - 5x^2) + (6x^2 + 2x^4 - x^3)$<br>$4x^4 - x^3 + x^2$ | 15) $(1 + 7n)(1 - 7n)$<br>$1 - 49n^2$ or $-49n^2 + 1$                     |

Find the measure of each indicated quantity. Include units.

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|---|--|
| 16) Perimeter of Rectangle: $2a + 2b$ mi<br>Area of Rectangle: $ab$ mi <sup>2</sup>   | 17) Area of Parallelogram: $2x^2 + 5x - 12$ ft <sup>2</sup>                            |
| 18) Area of Triangle: $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x - 2$ in <sup>2</sup> or<br>$\frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 3x - 4)$ in <sup>2</sup>                                       | 19) Area of Square: $x^2 + 2x + 1$ in <sup>2</sup><br>Perimeter of Square: $4x + 4$ in |
| 20) Volume of Right Cylinder: $\pi w^3 + 3\pi w^2$<br>or $\pi w^2(w + 3)$<br>Surface Area of Right Cylinder: $4\pi w^2 + 6\pi w$<br>or $2\pi w^2 + 2\pi w(w + 3)$ |  |